



Computer Science 50

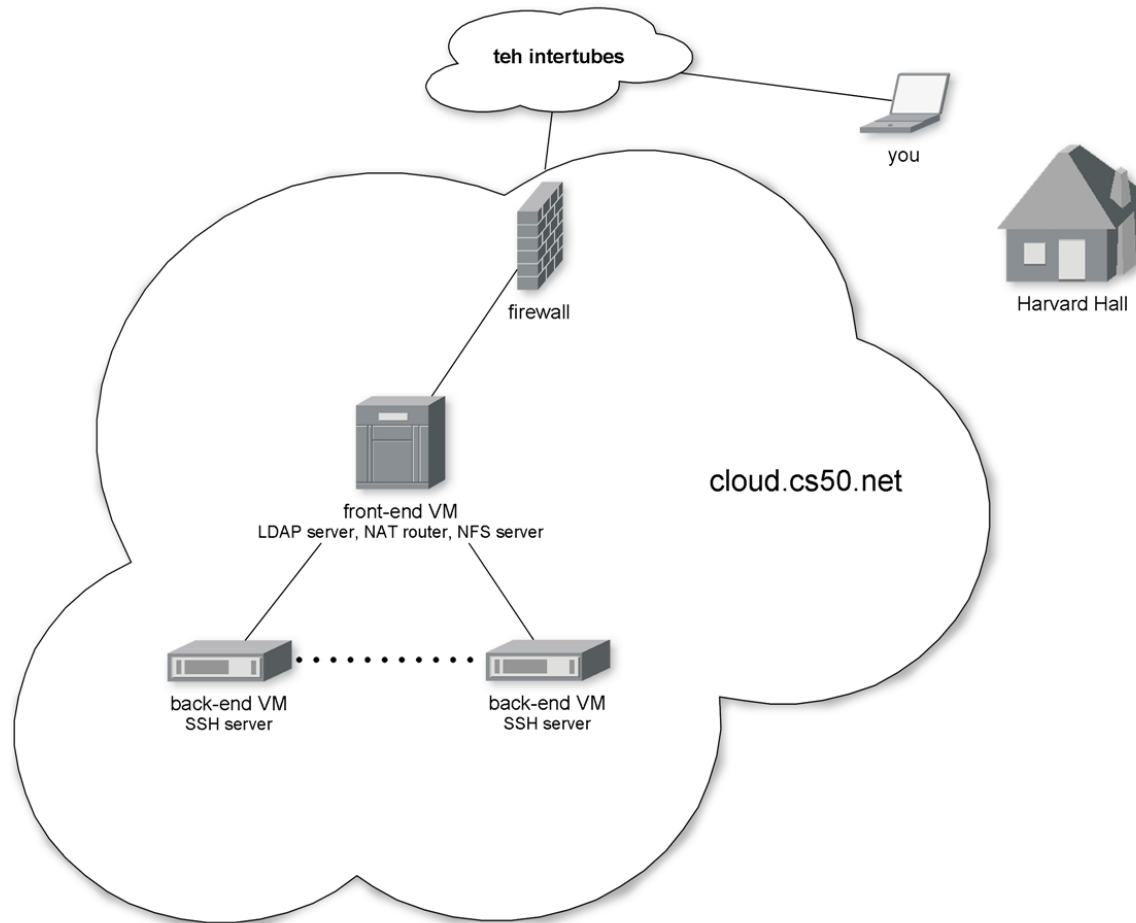
Introduction to Computer Science I

Harvard College

Week 4

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Thanks to Amazon



Thanks to Microsoft



Passing by Value

```
void  
swap(int a, int b)  
{  
    int tmp;  
  
    tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}
```

see
buggy3.c

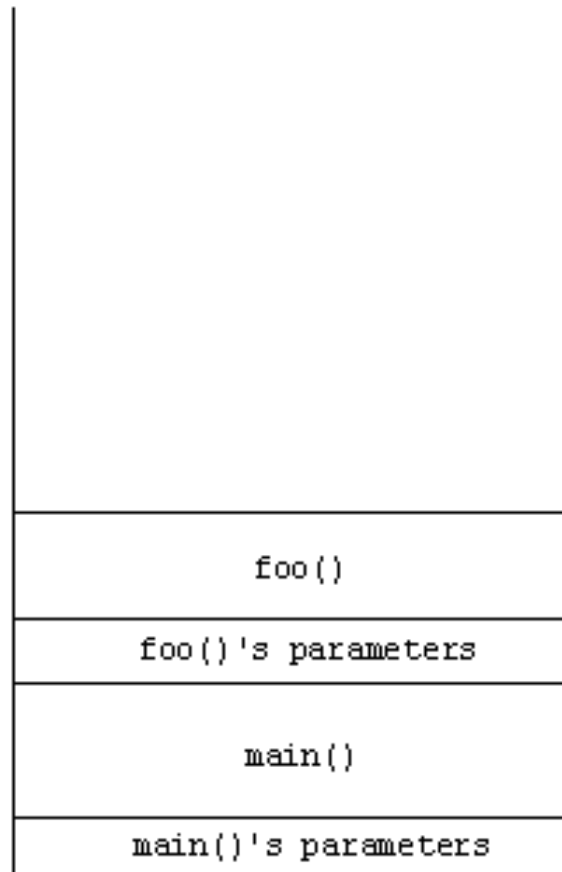
Passing by Reference

```
void  
swap(int *a, int *b)  
{  
    int tmp;  
  
    tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}
```

see
swap.c

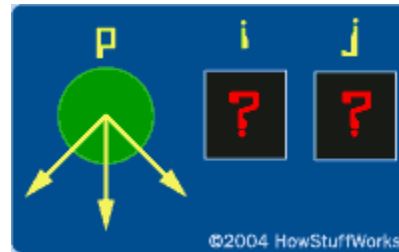
The Stack

Revisited



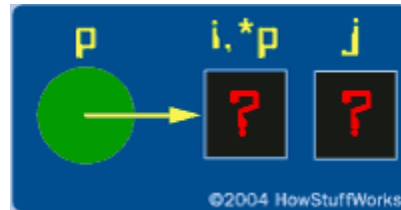
Pointers

```
int i, j;  
int *p;
```



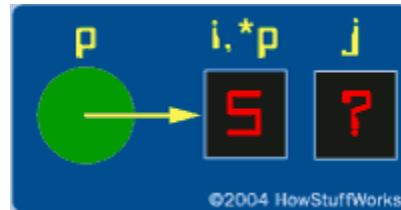
Pointers

```
p = &i;
```



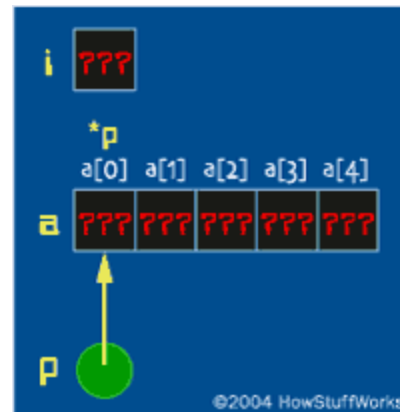
Pointers

```
*p = 5;
```



Arrays as Pointers

```
int i;  
int a[5];  
int *p = a;
```



see
`compare{1,2}.c`, `pointers{1,2}.c`

Dynamic Memory Allocation

`malloc`

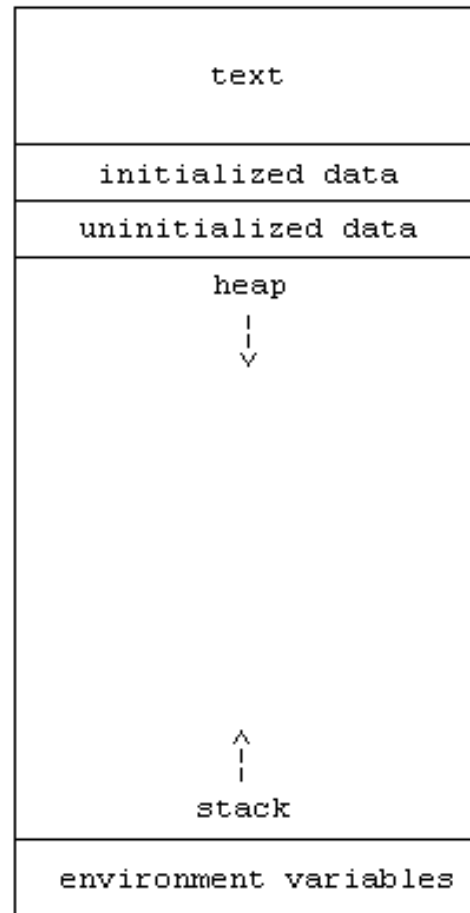
```
// get line of text
printf("Say something: ");
char *s1 = GetString();
if (s1 == NULL)
    return 1;

// allocate enough space for copy
char *s2 = malloc(strlen(s1) * sizeof(char) + 1);
if (s2 == NULL)
    return 1;
```

see
`copy{1,2}.c`

Memory Management

Revisited



CS 50's Library

Revisited

```
:: bool
:: string

:: char GetChar();
:: double GetDouble();
:: float GetFloat();
:: int GetInt();
:: long long GetLongLong();
:: string GetString();
```

see
`scanf{1,2,3}.c`, <http://cs50.net/pub/releases/cs50/cs50.{c,h}>

struct

(and header files)

```
typedef struct
{
    int id;
    char *name;
    char *house;
}
student;
```

see
structs1.c



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