

```
1. /**
2.  * tictactoe.c
3.  *
4.  * Implements Tic Tac Toe (generalized to a board of size d x d).
5.  *
6.  * Usage: tictactoe
7.  *        tictactoe d
8.  *
9.  * if d is not specified, we default to a typical 3x3 board.
10. *
11. * whereby the board's dimensions are to be d x d,
12. * where d must be in [DIM_MIN,DIM_MAX]
13. *
14. * Some of the input/output functions are generalized from fifteen.c (PS3)
15. *
16. * To make our comparisons easy,
17. *     Player 1 is "O" and is the machine player
18. *     Player -1 is "X" and is the human player
19. */
20.
21. #define MACHINE_PLAYER 1
22. #define MAX_DEPTH 5
23.
24. #include <cs50.h>
25. #include <stdio.h>
26. #include <stdlib.h>
27. #include <time.h>
28. #include <string.h>
29. #include <unistd.h>
30. #include <ctype.h>
31.
32. // constants
33. #define DIM_MIN 3
34. #define DIM_MAX 9
35.
36. // board
37. int board[DIM_MAX][DIM_MAX];
38.
39. // dimensions
40. int d;
41.
42. // machine player best move
43. int best_row;
44. int best_col;
45.
46. // prototypes
47. void init();
48. void clear();
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49. void draw();
50. int check_for_winner(int b[DIM_MAX][DIM_MAX]);
51. int parse_command_line(int argc, char *argv[]);
52. int read_player_input(int *r, int *c, int player);
53. int minimax(int hypothetical_board[DIM_MAX][DIM_MAX], int player, bool mymove, int depth);
54.
55. int main(int argc, char *argv[])
56. {
57.     int current_player=-1; // X goes first
58.     int winner, row, col, score;
59.     int total_moves = 0;
60.
61.     // parse the command line
62.     if (parse_command_line(argc, argv) != 0)
63.         return 1;
64.
65.     // initialize the board
66.     init();
67.
68.     // accept moves until game is won
69.     while (true)
70.     {
71.         // clear the screen
72.         clear();
73.
74.         // draw the current state of the board
75.         draw();
76.
77.         // check for winners
78.         winner = check_for_winner(board);
79.         if (winner != 0)
80.         {
81.             printf("VICTORY FOR %s!!!!\n\n", winner==-1 ?"X":"O");
82.             break;
83.         }
84.
85.         // check for a tie
86.         if (total_moves == (d*d))
87.         {
88.             printf("GAME ENDS IN A TIE!!!!\n\n");
89.             break;
90.         }
91.
92.         if(current_player == MACHINE_PLAYER)
93.         {
94.             //select the machine player's move
95.             score = minimax(board, current_player, true, 0);
96.
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97.         if (score != -1000)
98.         {
99.             row=best_row;
100.            col=best_col;
101.        }
102.    }
103.    else
104.    {
105.        // read in the human player's move
106.        if (read_player_input(&row, &col, current_player) != 0)
107.            {
108.                continue;
109.            }
110.    }
111.
112.    // check boundaries
113.    if ((row>=0 && row<d) && (col>=0 && col<d))
114.    {
115.        // check board is empty
116.        if (board[row][col] == 0)
117.        {
118.            // put a piece on the board
119.            board[row][col] = current_player;
120.
121.            // update the current_player
122.            current_player=current_player*-1;
123.
124.            // increment move counter
125.            total_moves++;
126.        }
127.    }
128. }
129. }
130.
131.
132.
133. int minimax(int hypothetical_board[DIM_MAX][DIM_MAX], int player, bool mymove, int depth)
134. {
135.     int i, j, score;
136.
137.     // if we have gone too deep, return;
138.     if (depth > MAX_DEPTH)
139.         return 0;
140.
141.     // see if someone has won
142.     int winner = check_for_winner(hypothetical_board);
143.     if (winner != 0)
144.     {
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145.     return winner;
146. }
147.
148. int move_row = -1;
149. int move_col = -1;
150. if (mymove)
151.     score = -2; //Losing moves are preferred to no move
152. else
153.     score = 2;
154.
155. // For all possible locations (moves),
156. for(i=0; i<d; i++)
157. {
158.     for(j=0; j<d; j++)
159.     {
160.         if(hypothetical_board[i][j] == 0)
161.         {
162.             // If this is a legal move,
163.             hypothetical_board[i][j] = player; //Try the move
164.             int thisScore = minimax(hypothetical_board, -1*player, !mymove, depth+1);
165.
166.             if (mymove)
167.             {
168.                 // my move, so maximize the score
169.                 if(thisScore > score) {
170.                     score = thisScore;
171.                     move_row = i;
172.                     move_col = j;
173.                 }
174.             }
175.             else
176.             {
177.                 // not my move, so minimize the score
178.                 if(thisScore < score) {
179.                     score = thisScore;
180.                     move_row = i;
181.                     move_col = j;
182.                 }
183.             }
184.             hypothetical_board[i][j] = 0; //Reset board after try
185.         }
186.     }
187. }
188. if(move_row == -1) return 0; // no valid moves, so it is a tie.
189. best_row = move_row;
190. best_col = move_col;
191. return score;
192. }
```

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193.
194.
195.
196. /**
197.  * read in a line from standard input, parsing as a grid location
198.  */
199.
200. int read_player_input(int *r, int *c, int player)
201. {
202.     // prompt for move
203.     printf("Enter move for player %s (for example, b2):", player==1 ?"X":"O");
204.
205.     string loc = GetString();
206.     if (loc == NULL)
207.     {
208.         return 1;
209.     }
210.
211.     // convert to integers
212.     *r = tolower(loc[0]) - 'a';
213.     *c = loc[1] - '0';
214.
215.     return 0;
216. }
217.
218. /**
219.  * Parse the command line
220.  */
221. int parse_command_line(int argc, char *argv[])
222. {
223.     if (argc != 2)
224.     {
225.         // if not specified, assume a 3x3 board
226.         d=3;
227.     }
228.     else
229.     {
230.         // ensure valid dimensions
231.         d = atoi(argv[1]);
232.         if (d < DIM_MIN || d > DIM_MAX)
233.         {
234.             printf("Board must be between %i x %i and %i x %i, inclusive.\n",
235.                 DIM_MIN, DIM_MIN, DIM_MAX, DIM_MAX);
236.             return 1;
237.         }
238.     }
239.     return 0;
240. }
```

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241.
242. /**
243.  * Clears screen using ANSI escape sequences.
244.  */
245. void clear()
246. {
247.     printf("\033[2J");
248.     printf("\033[%d;%dH", 0, 0);
249. }
250.
251. /**
252.  * Initializes the game's board with tiles (numbered 1 through d*d - 1),
253.  * i.e., fills 2D array with values but does not actually print them).
254.  */
255. void init()
256. {
257.     int i, j;
258.
259.     // Set the board to be empty
260.     for (i=0; i<d; i++)
261.     {
262.         for(j=0; j<d; j++)
263.         {
264.             board[i][j] = 0;
265.         }
266.     }
267.
268.     best_row=-1000;
269.     best_col=-1000;
270. }
271.
272. /**
273.  * Prints the board in its current state.
274.  */
275. void draw()
276. {
277.     int i, j;
278.
279.     // colorcode for red
280.     printf("\033[31m");
281.     printf("  ");
282.     for(j = 0; j < d; j++)
283.     {
284.         printf(" %d ", j);
285.     }
286.     printf("\n");
287.     for (i = 0; i < d; i++)
288.     {
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289.     printf("\033[31m %c ", (char)'a'+i);
290.     for (j = 0; j < d; j++)
291.     {
292.         if (board[i][j] != 0)
293.         {
294.             if (board[i][j] == 1)
295.             {
296.                 printf("\033[0m O ");
297.             }
298.             else
299.             {
300.                 printf("\033[0m X ");
301.             }
302.         }
303.         else
304.         {
305.             printf("  ");
306.         }
307.         if(j<(d-1))
308.             printf("\033[31m|");
309.     }
310.     if (i<(d-1))
311.     {
312.         printf("\n\033[31m  ");
313.         for(j = 0; j < d-1; j++)
314.         {
315.             printf("----");
316.         }
317.         printf("----");
318.     }
319.     printf("\033[0m\n");
320. }
321. printf("\n");
322. }
323.
324. /**
325.  * check to see if someone has won, return the player number of the winner,
326.  * or zero if no winner
327.  */
328. int check_for_winner(int b[DIM_MAX][DIM_MAX])
329. {
330.     // check to see if the board has been won
331.     int i,j;
332.     int prev, winner;
333.
334.     for(i=0;i<d;i++)
335.     {
336.         // check each row

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337.     prev = b[i][0];
338.     winner = prev;
339.     for(j=1;j<d;j++)
340.     {
341.         if (prev != b[i][j])
342.         {
343.             winner=0;
344.         }
345.     }
346.     if (winner != 0) return(winner);
347.
348.     // check each column
349.     prev = b[0][i];
350.     winner = prev;
351.     for(j=1;j<d;j++)
352.     {
353.         if (prev != b[j][i])
354.         {
355.             winner=0;
356.         }
357.     }
358.     if (winner != 0) return(winner);
359. }
360.
361. // check diagonals, but only if d is odd
362. if ((d%2) == 1)
363. {
364.     prev = b[0][0];
365.     winner = prev;
366.     for(j=1;j<d;j++)
367.     {
368.         if (prev != b[j][j])
369.         {
370.             winner=0;
371.         }
372.     }
373.     if (winner != 0) return(winner);
374.
375.     prev = b[0][d-1];
376.     winner = prev;
377.     for(j=1;j<d;j++)
378.     {
379.         if (prev != b[j][d-1-j])
380.         {
381.             winner=0;
382.         }
383.     }
384.     if (winner != 0) return(winner);
```

```
385.     }  
386.     return(0);  
387. }
```