In insertion sort, the idea of the algorithm is to build your sorted array in place, shifting elements out of the way if necessary to make room as you go.

#### In pseudocode:

- Call the first element of the array "sorted."
- Repeat until all elements are sorted:
  - Look at the next unsorted element. Insert into the "sorted" portion by shifting the requisite number of elements.



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Call the first element of the array "sorted."

Repeat until all elements are sorted:



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Call the first element of the array "sorted."

Repeat until all elements are sorted:





#### In pseudocode:

Call the first element of the array "sorted."

Repeat until all elements are sorted:

# 2 5 1 3 6 4

## In pseudocode:

Call the first element of the array "sorted."

#### Repeat until all elements are sorted:



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Call the first element of the array "sorted."

Repeat until all elements are sorted:



## In pseudocode:

Call the first element of the array "sorted."

Repeat until all elements are sorted:

# 1 6 4 2 5 3 6 4

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Call the first element of the array "sorted."

#### Repeat until all elements are sorted:



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Call the first element of the array "sorted."

#### Repeat until all elements are sorted:

- Worst-case scenario: The array is in reverse order; we have to shift each of the *n* elements *n* positions each time we make an insertion.
- **Best-case scenario**: The array is already perfectly sorted, and we simply keep moving the line between "unsorted" and "sorted" as we examine each element.

 $O(n^2)$  $\Omega(n)$